

# Is the smart grid going to fare better in competitive markets?

### Toby Brown, D. Phil. Ahmad Faruqui, Ph. D.

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## A working definition of the smart grid

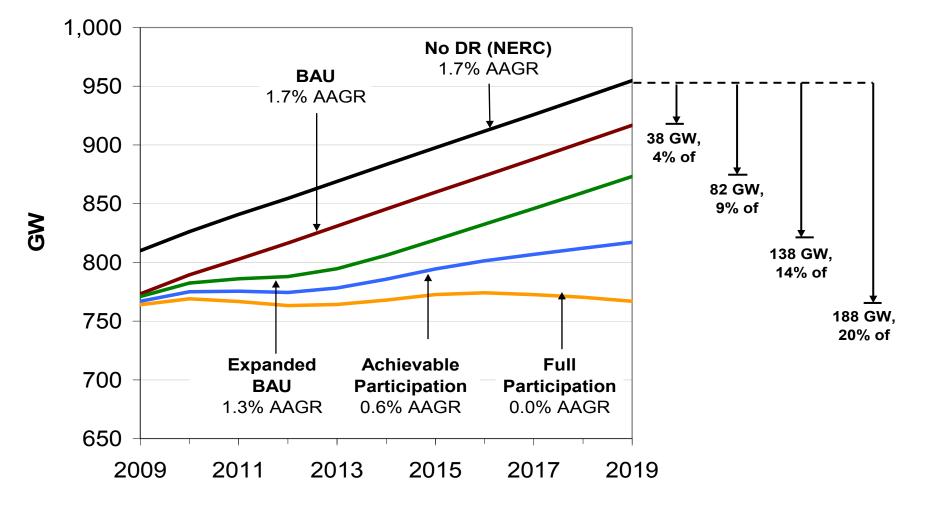
The smart grid involves the application of digital electronics into activities upstream and downstream of the electric meter

I am focusing on those that are downstream of the meter

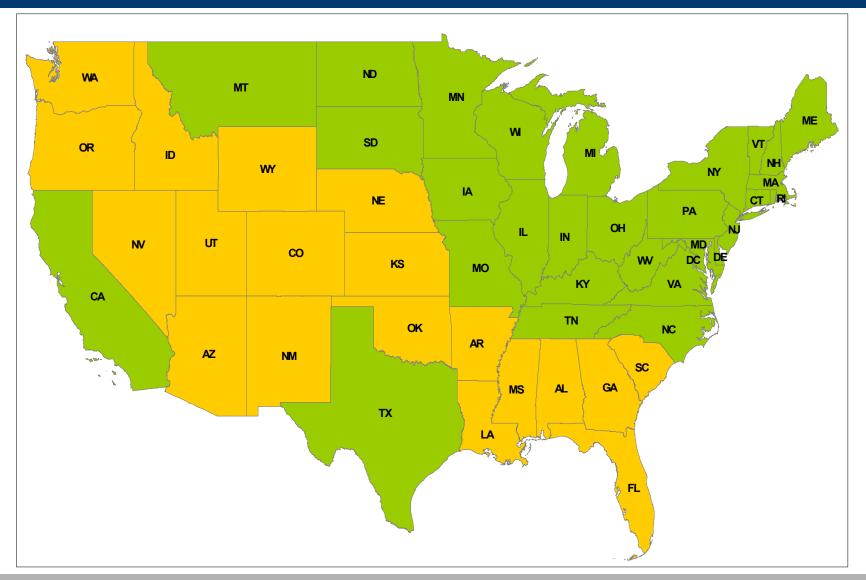
These include demand response, dynamic pricing, energy efficiency, distributed energy storage and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles

To further sharpen the focus, I am sticking with demand response and dynamic pricing activities

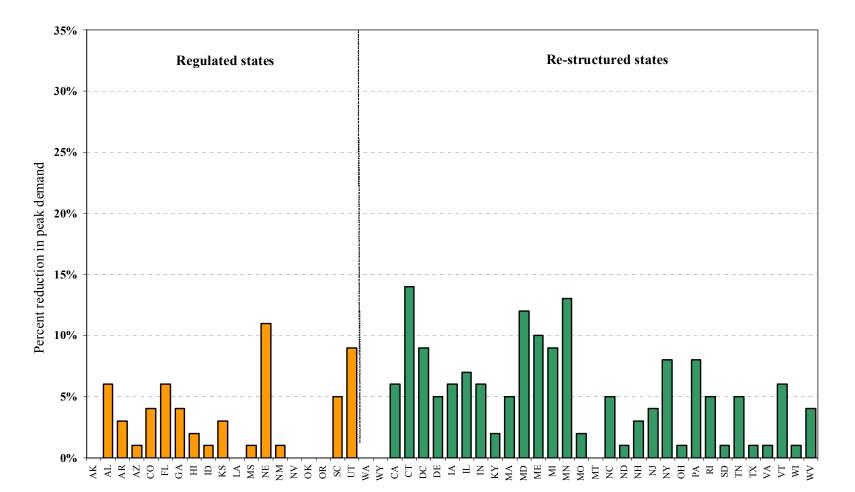
#### FERC's projection of demand response



#### **Regulated and re-structured states**



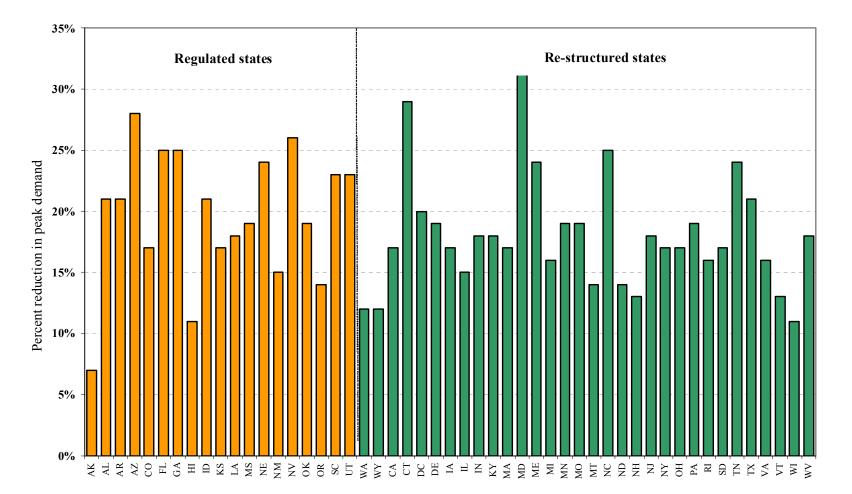
#### **Current demand response impact by state**



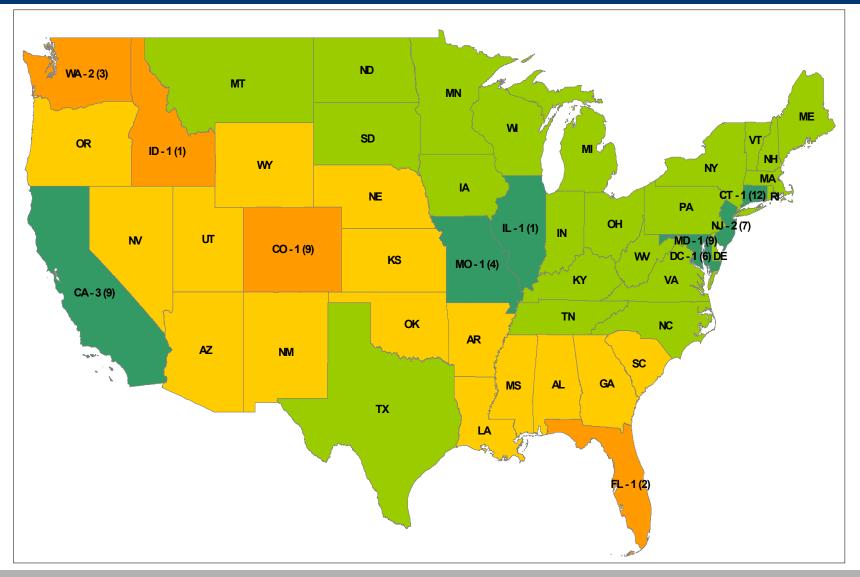
2010

#### The full potential of demand response in 2019

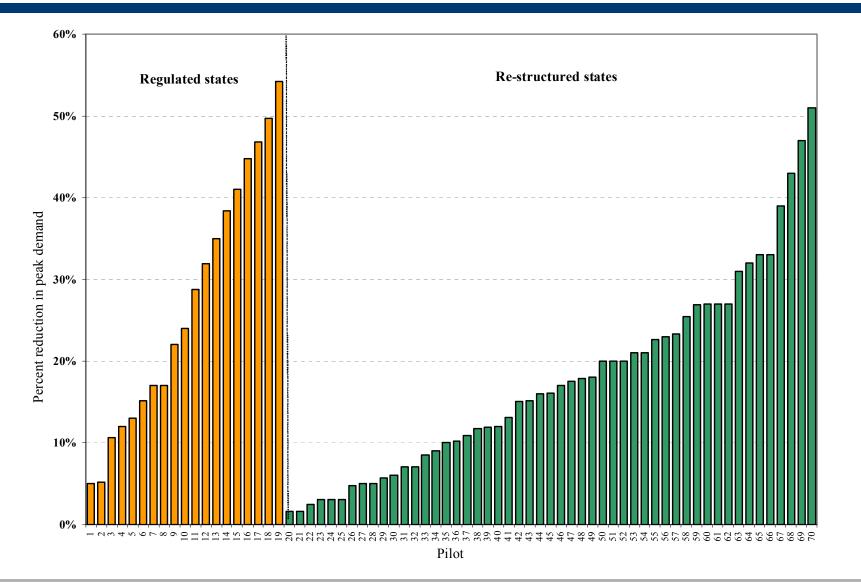
2019 Full participation



#### **Regulated and re-structured states with pilots**



#### **Pilot impact measurements across states**



There does not appear to be much difference today in smart grid activity across regulated and restructured states

**Competitive markets in theory should yield more innovative solutions that expand the set of options available to customers** 

However, the standard offer service, where available, may prove to be an important enabler of the smart grid